...AMERS AND STEAMBOATS.

...R'y & Navigation Co.
...OCEAN DIVISION.

	Leave	San Francisco
	10 A M	State Saturday Aug
	15	Columbia, Thurs. Aug
	18	Oregon, Tuesday Aug
	23	State, Sunday Aug
	28	Columbia, Friday Aug
	2	Oregon, Wed. Sept
	7	State, Monday Sept
	12	Columbia, Sat. Sept

...RAH DIVISION
...ner connecting with Atlantic ...
...liner for inland points at 11 40 A M
...arrive at Portland daily at 11 40 A M
...San Francisco Trains run on
...nection for points on N P R R
...eeping Cars—Pullman Palace
...the Cars between Portland and Ogden
...trains leave East Portland at 8 25 A M
...5 P M daily.
...connect to be run through to Ogden
...Between Barrel Mon and St
...are on Ex rest trains.

...OLUMBIA RIVER DIVISION
...Y (EXCEPT SUNDAY)
...Island for Dalles A M
...Portland from Dalles at P M

Mo	Tu	We	Th	Fri	Sa
8 AM	8 AM	8 AM	8 AM	8 AM	8 AM
5 PM	5 PM	5 PM	5 PM	5 PM	

...ARRIVE. 10 P M daily.
...ARRIVE. 8 A M daily.

...ALOON DEPOT—FOOT SIDE
...RTLAND and CORVALLIS
...& C R R Co to Wash
...2 A M Returning ...
...9 A M

...s Stay on Morrison Bridge Division
...ed by the O & C R R Co and
...ivisions, remain ...

...ets—Cor. FRONT and D Streets.
...TT A L STARK,
...MAXWELL Ticket Agent

...T OVERLAND ROUTE
...n Pacific Railroad.
...YS MILES.
...Line to Chicago and all points
...the ONLY line running
...OUGH trains between
...d St. Paul and Minneapolis.

...REMEMBER
...THERN PACIFIC R R
...e Only Line Running
...E TRAINS.
...PALACE SLEEPING CARS
...ING CARS, (meals ...)
...T DAY COACHES,
...SLEEPERS, (free of charge
...know—
...ON AND OREGON POINTS
...THE EAST.

...Your Tickets Read
...ORTHERN PACIFIC R R
...AUL & MINNEAPOLIS
...Avoid Change of Cars

...at 11 40 A M daily ...ve a Minne
...1225 P M ...fourth lay
...ar at ...st Paul and Minneapo
...South and Southeast.

...CIFIC DIVISION
...(O R & N Boat) 300 P M ...an
...4 30 P M connecting with O R &
...all points on Puget Sound
...Pass Agt., St. Paul.
...Gen'l Pass. Agt.
...No 2 Washington st, Portland
...Ticket Agt. Ash street dock

...D TO CALIFORNIA.
...& California R. R.
...VIA
...and Connections.
...een Portland and San Francisco
...9 hours Sleeping
...ssenger 8325) to Sacramento 4 30

...30 A M daily except Sunday
...Francisco 6 40 P M third day
...ss made at Ashland with
...Oregon Shasta Company

...R EXCEPT SUNDAYS).
...ent Side Division
...PORTLAND & ASHLAND
...Mail Train
...ARRIVE.
...Ashland 8 45 A M
...Portland 4 05 P M

...ssenger Express Train
...DEPART. ARRIVE.
...Lebanon ... 9 45 A M
...Portland 4 30 P M
...Sleeping Car between Portland and
...Return leaves Ashland
...ays.
...ervy makes connection with Mail
...East Side Line at foot of
...st Side Division
...RTLAND and CORVALLIS
...DEPART. ARRIVE.
...Corvallis 4 30 P M
...Portland 9 30 A M
...Express Train
...DEPART. ARRIVE.
...McMinnville 9 00 P M
...Portland 8 30 A M
...table and baggage checked through
...ice Stark and Second streets
...ot yet in is California can only be
...checked at company's office
...Front sts, Portland, Or
...be received only at Upper
...her the Kast or West Side Division
...C F HOGUE
...Pass & Ticket Agent

...US DEBILITY
...BRAIN
...E. C. WEST
...TREATMENT.
...TS NERVE and BRAIN TREAT
...d specific for Hysteria Dizzi
...ss, Nervous Neuralgia
...ed Prematureness in the
...ness, Wakefulness, Mental De
...s, the Brain resulting in in
...ty, Premature Loss of pow
...ntary Losses and Spermat
...ness, Impotency, Nervousness
...ulgence. Each box contains
...mth. $1.00 a box, or six boxes
...mail prepaid on receipt of price.
...SIX BOXES
...With each order received by us for
...companied with $5.00, we will send
...your written guarantee to cure
...if the treatment does not effect
...ey issued only by
...ELD, LARKIN & CO.,
...and Retail Druggists,
...TLAND OREGON
...will receive prompt attention.

...V. A. S.
...WOLFE'S
...Aromatic Schnapps.
...ure, necessary corrective of water
...vegetable decomposition or other
...sulphate of copper, as the latter
...ly to every other ...
...A public trial of over thirty years
...edition of our ...
...PS is unsolicited indorsements
...ully, and a sale unequaled by any
...fix bottles will exceed $1 000 000
...claimed for it. For sale by all
...WOLFE'S SON & CO.,
...ner 6th st., New York.

...NGLISH REMEDY
...is a certain cure for IMPE
...YOUTHFUL INDISCRETION
...MEN OF MANHOOD
...Premature Decay, Nervousness
...ral Weakness, Impotency
...and all the evil
...effects of youthful indiscretion
...DR. MINTIE, who is
...a regular graduate of the University of
...1850 of the University of
...Pennsylvania, offers One Hundred
...Dollars for a case of the
...kind he cannot cure. Avoid
...quack advertisements and
...valuable advice and treat
...Price $1.50 A bottle; four times the
...to any address in the world
...by R. H. Keamey at, S. F.
...and list of questions.
...SEATTLE, W. T.
...one supply ing by letter stating
...ge. Strict secrecy in
...Address

Morning Oregonian.

VOL. XIV. PORTLAND, OREGON FRIDAY MORNING, SEPTEMBER 5, 1884 NO. 7590

LOCAL NEWS AND GOSSIP

...of the "Sentinel" Company to the
...Blaine Libel suit.

...CASE OF SEDUCTION DECIDED AT

...ket at the New England Fair—Items
...the Chinese, Con Carey California
...Political Points

...Sept 5 [illegible]

...ch Sept 4—Special—The ...
...sation this morning. The defense ...
...ed publishing the article consisting ...
...ged particulars thereof [illegible]
...Blaine was married to Harriet ...
...on, or about this ...
...Blaine, during the ...
...Lawson that he refused ...
...ge, even now, but believes ...
...ge thereto and vice versa. If ...
...ment and pass should there ...
...ge and period and ...
...ther asserted that Burnett knew ...
...born knew as Sir and ...
...ge were and was always ...
...Blaine if and when ...
...defendants say the words ...
...published and are true, and ...
...were published of and ...
...defendants assisting ...

...BLAINE QUESTIONED

...Blaine with their answer a number of ...
...and require that the same be ...
...Blaine if under oath positively ...
...ge, with each time as many ...
...hereby among which are the ...

...ary Coal vein in Kentucky ...
...ople there? When you went ...
...ever seen employed and in what ...

...ver that the maiden name of ...
...Harwood state when she finally ...
...ed and when you next saw her ...
...and the name of your marriage and ...
...persons her own witness and ...
...the oath of ...

...Blaine have to with a bank ...
...Mines & Blaine ...
...with Hahn that he [illegible] ...
...published "P C A L & C ...
...the paper How? Were not both ...
...agreement to run for ...
...publishing the back page of an ...
...Blaine and R. March [illegible] ...
...Blaine to the correct statement of ...
...Blaine's testimony may not be ...
...the author's said book for [illegible] ...
...the name and place of your marriage ...

...WILL SURELY MATTERS

...Sept. 4—The following statement ...
...furnished the associated press corre ...
...this point by Mr. Delmahaye ...
...Blaine rep ...ts have been ...
...cause by certain press correspondents ...
...libelous in the libel ...
...Blaine was married to Harriet ...
...on or about ...
...Blaine, during the ...
...Lawson that he refused ...
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The Daily Oregonian

FRIDAY MORNING SEPT 5 1884

DEATH OF SECRETARY FOLGER

Judge Charles J Folger the secretary of the treasury, died suddenly yesterday afternoon at his home in Geneva N Y, where he had gone for rest and recuperation He was appointed by President Arthur October 27 1881 to succeed William Windom of Minnesota who held the office under President Garfield He had been for many years an eminent lawyer and judge and left the highest position in the state judiciary to enter the cabinet He brought to the discharge of his new duties a trained mind ample capacity for business and a spirit of unusual fidelity His death is doubtless hastened by persistent and assiduous attention to the details of the vast business of the treasury department He would shirk no duty but insisted upon going to the bottom of all the important transactions of the department to which his predecessors had usually given only formal attention. He was the republican candidate for governor of New York two years ago, and persisted in running after his withdrawal was loudly demanded because of fraud in the organization of the nominating convention, and was overwhelmingly defeated He was deserving of a better fate for no one doubted his ability and purity He had received previously unmistakable evidences of popular approval in his election as judge of the court of appeals Judge Folger was born we think, at Nantucket, Mass. At least that was the place of his ancestry and one of his ancestors was the grandfather of Benjamin Franklin His death is the second that has occurred in the president's official family Postmaster General Timothy O Howe died in April 1883 and was succeeded by General Gresham

THE BLAINE LIBEL SUIT

The Indianapolis *Sentinel* sued by Mr Blaine for libel, made every possible effort known to professional pettifogging to prorastinate the suit. Its attorneys demurred, saying that the description of Blaine in the libelous publication was not sufficiently specific to give him cause of action, that it might have been some other Blaine; that the publication asserted nothing but was in the nature of an inquiry and finally that the article was not libelous in itself and the plaintiff in order to recover must sue for special damages. All this gibberish the court promptly overruled, and ordered the defendant to answer without further attempt at evasion or delay

Finding itself "in for it" the *Sentinel* now admits that the charge it published did refer to James G Blaine and wife, but asserts that it was true and pretends to be able to establish the truth of it. The answer therefore repeats the atrocious libel with more specific detail of scandal and calumny It is apparent that this is a device invented and employed in the hope of keeping the scandal going till after the election The *Sentinel* can't make matters worse for itself or render its legal liabilities heavier than they are already; a heavy judgment will be obtained against it, whether it makes any defense or not so it thinks it may as well face it out for awhile Evidently this course is dictated by the democratic politicians of Indiana, Hendricks, Voorhees and the rest who have been committed about the defense The decision evidently is that as the *Sentinel* has fully committed itself to the penalties of the law and can't wriggle out, the scandalous story might as well be kept agoing But it wouldn't be prudent for other papers to reproduce the libelous matter, though many would like to do so, and they will be very wary and chary about it

SMALL CAMPAIGN FUNDS

It is an encouraging sign for our politics that although there has been a good deal of talk of the lavish use of money to influence the pending election, the indications are to the effect that no considerable campaign fund has been raised by either party and that the expenditures of this year are likely to be very modest on both sides

It is natural that the organs of each side should indulge in a good deal of talk about the corruption funds which their opponents are using Both for the sake of creating prejudice against the opposition and as a salve for possible defeat there is a strong temptation for newspaper men to add two or three ciphers to the slight foundations of fact which they may have on the raising of campaign funds The limitations of consistency do not however prevent them from giving the full returns as to the failures of the opposing committees to secure subscriptions, and from that source the conclusion can be reached that these stories are generally very much overdrawn

At all events, it appears to be evident enough that no large sums of money have yet been raised for the current campaign This state of things is doubtless due to the circumstance that those who have heretofore been liberal in the contribution of funds are unable or indisposed to give this year rather than to any change in the policy of party managers, but the fact that it exists is none the less gratifying It is to be hoped, too, that it will continue to the end of the campaign, and that both parties will stand alike in that respect In that case they will each be as well off relatively as if both had spent millions, while the people will be much better off in having given their political verdict free from all corrupting influences

ERRORS ABOUT WHEAT

Some of the newspapers of San Francisco and Puget Sound have spoken of the offer of the Northern Pacific railroad to carry wheat from Eastern Washington to Duluth or Minneapolis as "a severe blow at Portland" The incident has even been treated as if it were significant of the destruction of Portland, which has "so long fattened off the labor of the northwest."

This view is based on two assumptions, both erroneous. In the first place the offer of the railroad to carry wheat eastward does not signify that the bulk of wheat shipment will be diverted from Portland and turned in that direction, and in the next place it is a mistake to suppose that the future of any city on this coast depends on its becoming a point for shipment of wheat beyond the sea

It ought to be apparent to every one that no great bulk of wheat will ever be carried from the Pacific slope to the eastern terminus of the Northern Pacific railroad. It will not pay, nor can it be made to pay, to carry it. The railroad company does not expect to make a profit by taking wheat to Minneapolis and probably will make a loss. At most the carriage can amount to but a few thousand tons The experience of the Northern Pacific is conclusive on this matter of attempting to carry wheat so long distances and over so heavy grades by rail,

It is time, too, that the fact were realized by "boomers" of various expectant cities that no great commercial emporium is going to be built up in the northwest by trading in wheat with foreign countries. Experience has abundantly shown that there is no money in it either for the wheat grower or the shipper Of all the wheat growing parts of the globe we are most remote from the market and if the experience of the last dozen years which has witnessed the mortgaging of so large a portion of the wheat land of the northwest in the effort to raise wheat for the foreign market, is not sufficient we think, see the remainder of it mortgaged in a dozen years more, and in addition a good many more "broken" wheat shippers than now

The Virginia legislature is sitting in special session Its Bourbon to the core. Every man is a colonel, and pines for cheap whisky and the lost cause The principal objects of the special session of that shotgun legislature are to devise ways to repudiate the state debt and to make sure that the electoral vote shall be counted for Cleveland and reform.

AIDS TO THRIFT

One reason for the thriftlessness of workingmen is the fact that they have no convenient and secure means of investing small sums The English governments recognizing this fact has with in the past few years provided such means for the use people and with very gratifying results The postoffice savings bank started in 1861 has rapidly advanced in popular favor In less than twenty years it has become the depository of an amount 10 000 000 pounds and has secured as a customer almost every person in the government service in England and Wales In 1864 the government of using the postoffice machinery to promote saving habits was repeated with reference to annuities and insurance But thus far permanent however has thus far singularly been a comparative failure A committee of the house of commons was appointed by the postmaster general two years ago to ascertain the cause and in their report the system of suggestions which became the subject of an act intended to bring the system more into harmony with public requirements By the new act the minimum limits previously existing in the case of insurance and annuities have been abolished and the restrictions as to age have been relaxed so that now an annuity may be purchased on any life above five, and an insurance on any life above eight the amount however, not exceeding five pounds up to the age of fourteen All the troublesome formalities which had to be gone through have been removed The person wishing to purchase an annuity or policy can do so at any one of the seven thousand postoffices where savings bank business is done and is not obliged to make the payments at any fixed time He can pay in his spare cash when and how he likes, provided that at the time the payment for his annuity or insurance comes due he has money enough standing to his account to make good the requisite amount It is thought that by these improvements in the system it will attract the favorable attention of the enormous *clientele* of the savings bank a body of more than 3 000,000 persons Mr Lawrett the postmaster general, has instanced in one of his recent speeches some of the striking examples of the extent to which very slight efforts by way of saving in youth will afford substantial assistance in old age in order to encourage the young and the poor to provide for the future

The English government has recently extended other incidental aids to the thrifty, so that now provision for old age and death is made easy to persons of small means But the *Spectator* says that, perhaps "the greatest aid to thrift has been supplied by the married women's property acts It is notorious that women of the working classes are more prone to save than men The clear and decisive provisions of the lord chancellor's act of 1882 place savings made by married women completely out of their husbands' power In the case of insurance, in particular a married woman is empowered to effect a policy upon her own life or her husband's for her separate use, that is so that the policy is freed from the claims of her husband's creditors, and any husband or wife in solvent circumstances may by a simple declaration, settle a policy on his or her own life for the benefit of the family with all the results flowing from the ordinary marr age settlement Such aids to thrift will not of course, make themselves felt immediately, but in time the conjoint effect of such legislation must be felt and the *Spectator* adds "One may hope that more and more money will gradually be abstracted from the pockets of the brewer and the distiller to the temporary embarrassment perhaps of the chancellor of the exchequer but to the lasting profit of the nation

In addition to these arrangements of the government some of the great industrial companies of England have introduced to their workingclasses well organized schemes to aid them in saving small amounts from their earnings Three railway savings banks those connected with the southeastern the Metropolitan and the Shetfield lines have collected from their workmen a sum of money approaching to one million sterling The practice of saving once begun, is almost certain to be continued and become habitual and the example is contagious and certain to extend The evil habit of spending in unnecessary and injurious luxuries instead of saving the difference between high and low wages was very strongly illustrated before a recent meeting of the liquidators in the railway companies savings bank, by the Marquis of Salisbury, who quoted Lord Derby to the effect that the three millions of pounds that was paid to the American government on account of the Alabama claims were raised without any difficulty as the high wages at the time had led to so large an increase in the consumption of spirituous liquors that the augmented receipts of the customs and excise duties enabled the government to pay the amount without levying any new taxes In the words of Lord Derby, "We drank ourselves out of the Alabama difficulty But this amount, three millions was merely that of the duty paid on the spirits consumed and was but a small fraction of the whole amount expended Had that amount been saved by the workmen, in place of being expended uselessly on intoxicating liquors, how great an amount of misery and poverty might have been prevented

BUTLER'S STRENGTH

New York papers of all shades of political opinion bristle with paragraphs about Butler The Cleveland organs are making a remarkably bitter and aggressive fight against him, which goes to show that they have profound fears that he will do their party mischief The SUN is conducting its canvass for Butler with great ability and skill, the *Star* (Tammany is helping him indirectly but shrewdly, and there are many signs that he will get more votes than he ought. The *Mail and Express*, a republican paper, has these paragraphs, which tend to show how formidable a candidate Butler really is,

The Butler democrats in Massachusetts calculate that they will poll 71 000 votes in November, and they feel certain that Cleveland will find himself a bad third in the race

Judge Rooney of Brooklyn, who is such an indefatigable supporter of Butler, was until last year one of the leaders of the democratic party in Brooklyn His loss will be felt this fall

Edward O'Donnell, district representative of the New Jersey state bureau of labor statistics, told a *Mail and Express* reporter last night that he intended to support Butler Mr O'Donnell thinks the defection from Cleveland will give Jersey to Blaine

At a meeting of the Thirteenth Assembly District Butler and West club held at No 230 West Twenty seventh street, Michael P Cody in the chair and James Rollins secretary one hundred and twelve members were present The sum of $216 was subscribed toward purchasing a Butler and West banner

J F McDonnell, state deputy inspector of factories and workshops of New Jersey and proprietor of the Paterson *Standard* said to a *Mail and Express* reporter last night that he would oppose Cleveland and do all he could to swell the Butler vote. Mr McDonnell is chairman of the labor legislative committee of New Jersey and a prominent Irishman

Butler clubs are springing up all over Kings county

The topics proposed for discussion at the coming international postal congress soon to be held in Europe indicate the possible facilities which may in time be afforded by the government These include bidder compulsory prepayment and limited details of administration the carrying of packages C O D and a system of letter insurance the amount to be fixed in case of loss to be promptly settled and paid

The fourteenth amendment to the constitution abolishing slavery in the United States was presented in the senate for approval on April 9 1864 Thomas A Hendricks then a member of that body voted against the amendment One democratic senator, Hon J W Nesmith of Oregon, voted for the amendment, and he has been out of favor with his party ever since

Hendricks is making speeches almost daily to Indiana, in which he began in the most abject manner for votes. The telegraph reports him forthfully, only to make him contemptible.

Some of the independents who refused to support Mr Blaine and have since found out that Cleveland is unworthy now propose that both should withdraw or be withdrawn and acceptable candidates be presented These men include the editors of the New York *Independent* President Seelye of Amherst and Rev. Washington Gladden But they do not suggest any way by which their proposition could be carried out It has fizzled in practicable and will receive no attention from either party. No candidate for the presidency will withdraw and but one candidate for vice president Albert Gallatin and he not the use of any deandulous charge against him, but for the sake of harmony in the party Gallatin was for many years one of the ablest leaders of the republican party but notwithstanding his prominence his nomination for the vice presidency in 1824 was far several reasons never cordially received with favor He had himself realized that he was far from popular and protested against being nominated, one of the reasons which in his mind operated against his available ity being his foreign birth he was born in Switzerland but came to America before the adoption of the constitution. At the time of his nomination the young democratic element in the republican party were assuming prominence, and were disposed to retire the leaders of the former generation Jackson was the head chief of the young republicans and as Gallatin had what commanding the general's ability as a soldier spoken disparagingly of him as a statesman his friends were the more determined to retire Gallatin to the shades of private life The factional contest became so bitter the Gallatin on the 1st of October withdrew from the ticket and John C Calhoun though not his successor to the nomination was elected vice president

The new civil service rules governing appointments and promotion have gone into force in New York city and the municipal civil service board will control Men who wish to become policemen or firemen must now submit to an examination as to character, experience, reading, writing, writing down from memory the substance of matter orally communicated arithmetic, knowledge of rules governing the office they seek and general information about the city Those who desire promotion must in addition produce good records of service, prove character for veracity ability and energy coolness and judgment in emergencies submit to questioning concerning their habits with regard to the use of intoxicating liquors show an record for manly training discipline, and in the case of policemen, a proper knowledge of the use of the club and of proper behavior toward citizens Candidates will be required to have a fine comprehension of the city laws and ordinances affecting the duties of the department in which they seek

High license stands the test of experience as a means of restricting the liquor traffic and compensating the public to some extent for the evils it inflicts The Harper law in Illinois has reduced the number of saloons from 11 000 to 9000, and increased the revenue from $700 000 to $4 000 000 a year

It is amusing and instructive too, to see so many democratic papers giving sweet words of encouragement to the prohibitionists. But O if the time comes when they think there is danger that the prohibitionists will carry the country how the tune will change!

WHAT SOME PAPERS SAY

Boston Traveller. The Cleveland letter of acceptance condemned "mediocrity and experience are the best qualifications for a president" Principles are of no account Excepting

Chicago Herald. Governor Cleveland says more than once about a tariff Supposing he and his party friends in this state were in Mississippi Louisiana and South Carolina instead of here would he be in favor of a tariff for revenue only

Cincinnati Courier Journal. It is said Mr Randall will make no speeches for Cleveland because Cleveland does not repudiate the platform and declare for protection. It looks as if we should have to muster Pennsylvania to the republicans without a struggle

Chicago Journal. It is thought the chief reason Cleveland has run through a dull summer is that certain democratic leaders think it a great deal better that Blaine should be defeated than Cleveland

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Bishop Ireland the eloquent Catholic divine of Minnesota in his paper the *Northwestern Chronicle* says Cleveland's veto of the pensioning of the widow of General Logan which was intended as a rebuke to the soldiers brought to naught and has subjected the country to ridicule

Victor Hugo declares of Caleb Cushing that he is nearly twenty of his eighty years in England, that he is a bad man and that he continues to add to his evil deeds by his active efforts while abroad in favor of Jay Gould and Victor Hugo declares his admiration for these traits of character

The London *Reformer* says that Prof. Briggs of the Old Testament which was tried in Hartford does not stimulate the Anglican bishops that it makes it probable that some members of the committee will continue to meet in Westminster and undertake a revision of the Apocrypha on the same principles

Fifty two American girls with stockings to keep and corsets to adjust are to be sent to Europe to take care of themselves and fill up the time with "Fairy Doodle" and "Mother Goose" Will Fairy Doodle and Mother Goose please see that the report having a glorious time

Pittsburg *Commercial Gazette*. Bobbs the mugwump and devoted patriot, who is running prohibition candidate for governor of Illinois, is in a pack of trouble He is a commission merchant and buys and sells grain on margins, handling also in futures for others and in this is not virtuous supporters vigorously object Mr Hobbs floods the papers with explanations, but has thus far been unable to satisfactorily establish that a gambler is a purer man than he who takes an occasional dram

Yellowstone Park Travel

Livingston Enterprise

It seems odd and contrary on the Northern Pacific business, that but nevertheless the facts are too true that the vast part of the tourist travel to National park come in this year over the Union Pacific the Utah and Northern via Beaver canyon and return the same way It is now an open secret why this route has the present season become so popular Rates can be had from Chicago and return for about one half the amount asked by the Northern Pacific As a result the majority patronize the cheapest way Still we are in dumb amazement and wonder why the Northern Pacific should run so light

MEETING NOTICE.

Portland Lodge No 45 A F & A M Regular meeting this Friday evening at 7 30 Work in third degree T F MCROBLE secretary

A O H, Division No 3. Special meeting this evening at 8 o'clock sharp at Butler Matthew Hall Business of importance A full attendance is requested By order of DAN MINIHAN President M J Connon Secretary

Veneta Encampment All members are requested to meet in Friendship Encampment hall at 2 P M at the Willamette Hotel Front street, between Salmon and Main to perform the funeral rites of our deceased brother Mr J Laing By order of A DUKLOW Pres CHAS SCHRANT Sec

Advertisements coming under the heads of "Help Wanted" "To Let" "For Sale" etc will be inserted for ten cents per line first insertion, five cents per line thereafter No inserts is for less than 20 cents, and cash must be paid at the counter No bill for collection less than 50 cents.

Deaths, Marriages and Births fifty cents each. Resolutions of Condolence ten cents per line All reading notices preceding marriages or obituaries

DIED

At Sellwood Sept 3 of cholera infantum Pearl May aged 2 years and 1 month and 13 days daughter of W M and Mary Hall Funeral from the residence of parents this day at 10 A M Interment Willamette cemetery

BUTTERICK'S PATTERNS for Sept. at Wasserstein Sisters, 253 Yamhill street.

NEW TO-DAY.

LITTLE TRADER MAKES ALL WOOL Dress Goods a thing of the past

ALL WOOL DELAINE BEAUTY FOR 10 CTS the Leader Third and Alder

NEW PIANOS FOR RENT AT KOHLER & CHASE'S 71 Morrison street

WILL APPEAR IN THE PLAYS — FINAL week of Adonis by request of many of the Northern TRAVELERS old national bank building

LOST — BURNHAM SATURDAY EVENING by PROFESSOR KANE. Suitable reward Address at this office

HANDSOME ROOMS NICELY FURNISHED and unfurnished rooms to rent Apply at 251 Front street

FOR RENT A LARGE LARDER FURNISHED room Inquire at 251 Front street

TURKISH AND ELECTRIC BATHS COR Third and Yamhill streets

NOTICE — THE SMITH WELL BORERS have removed to 251 Front street

FINE SADDLE HORSE FOR SALE CHEAP Call at 251 Front street

FOR SALE — A FAIR FRUIT AND GOOD sound

DON'T FORGET TO CALL ON COOPER the Leader Third and Alder

FOR EXCHANGE — TWO LOTS WITH FOUR houses situated in Albina all exchange for unincumbered property in some vicinity worth going across Reason for change Address Owner Oregonian

JEWISH NEW YEAR CARDS. A FULL LINE WILL BE OFFERED TO DAY, corner First and Salmon streets

GATHERED INFORMATION

The wool clip of this year is estimated at 270 000 000 pounds as is over 50 000 000

There are nine establishments in the United States which turn out 5 000 000 lead pencils

Mr Pope Hennessy has given £40 000 pounds to St John to which can and does remain as the present low figure

Henry George is in a quandary How Mr Gregan can consent to live on a rich and crowned by the man is a mystery to the rest of us

Rosecrans's pet theory that the Pacific coast is to be the center of the world's commerce is now heard from Chicago

Italy has 6 000 000 children of school age and 2 000 000 of them are not in school Only 1 000 000 can afford to pay for their education

Bernhardt's recent visit to Spain has resulted in several offers from managers in the United States to Mr Abbey to bring her to this country

Lord Randolph Churchill has been invited to address the Conservative associations of Belfast, Dublin and Londonderry, Ireland, during the autumn

Richard Grant White has written a letter to the Boston Herald in which he says that Shakespeare's sonnets are addressed to Queen Elizabeth and that the "dark lady" of the sonnets was Lucy Morgan

Mr Gladstone's favorite hymn is "Rock of Ages" which he sings with great fervor and his favorite tune is Toplady's Old Hundredth

Bishop Ireland the eloquent Catholic divine of Minnesota in his paper the *Northwestern Chronicle* says Cleveland's veto of the pensioning of the widow of General Logan which was intended as a rebuke to the soldiers brought to naught and has subjected the country to ridicule

Victor Hugo declares of Caleb Cushing that he is nearly twenty of his eighty years in England, that he is a bad man and that he continues to add to his evil deeds by his active efforts while abroad in favor of Jay Gould and Victor Hugo declares his admiration for these traits of character

The London *Reformer* says that Prof. Briggs of the Old Testament which was tried in Hartford does not stimulate the Anglican bishops that it makes it probable that some members of the committee will continue to meet in Westminster and undertake a revision of the Apocrypha on the same principles

Fifty two American girls with stockings to keep and corsets to adjust are to be sent to Europe to take care of themselves and fill up the time with "Fairy Doodle" and "Mother Goose" Will Fairy Doodle and Mother Goose please see that the report having a glorious time

Pittsburg *Commercial Gazette*. Bobbs the mugwump and devoted patriot, who is running prohibition candidate for governor of Illinois, is in a pack of trouble He is a commission merchant and buys and sells grain on margins, handling also in futures for others and in this is not virtuous supporters vigorously object Mr Hobbs floods the papers with explanations, but has thus far been unable to satisfactorily establish that a gambler is a purer man than he who takes an occasional dram

NEW TO-DAY.

Fish, Game, Poultry, Oysters SAM. A. ALLEN. No 90 Yamhill Street.

WOODS, The HATTER, RESUMES HIS FALL STYLES NEXT SATURDAY

PORTLAND MECHANICS' FAIR Oct. 9th, 25th. F W ALLEN Superintendent

Portland Box Factory. G W BATES SUCCESSOR TO JOHN HARLOW & Co Box Shook Planing Mill Doors &c Weidler's Saw Mill Office 74 Washington st Portland

WASHINGTON FISH MARKET. EDWIN RICHARDS,

Pioneer Fish & Game Dealer Established 1867

Wholesale and Retail Dealer in Fish Game, Poultry, and Oysters of Every Kind

Country orders solicited and strict attention paid to the preservation of all perishable articles sent to any part of the United States

Corner Washington and Fourth Sts. solm

CITY BONDS THE UNDERSIGNED COMmittee on Ways and Means of the Common Council of the City of Portland hereby give notice that sealed proposals will be received by the undersigned at the office of the City Auditor until 12 o'clock M on Monday Sept 22 1884 for the purchase of the following described bonds of said city to the amount of three hundred thousand dollars (300 000) or any part thereof Said bonds to be issued in denominations not less than $100 each and to run not more than twenty years from date of issue and to be redeemable at the option of the city at any time after ten years from date of issue and to bear interest at the rate of six per cent per annum payable semi annually at the office of the City Treasurer in the city of Portland Said proposals will be opened at the office of the Auditor and Clerk of the City of Portland at 10 o'clock AM on said day Said bonds to be sold to the highest bidder for cash in gold coin of the United States The right is reserved to reject any and all bids By order of the Committee on Ways and Means of the Common Council of the City of Portland Or

H L PARKER Chairman
J P FINNEY Auditor and Clerk
Portland Aug 29 1884

WANTS.

STEAM MANKED SAWYERS OR HORSE Mill sawyers Apply to Lindsay & Phelps Portland Or

WANTED COTTAGE OF 6 ROOMS WITH complete sewerage in good locality must be cheap and within walking distance Address Box 500 City

HOUSE WANTED FURNISHED OR UNfurnished with about 6 rooms in good locality Address with full particulars and lowest cash price Box 500 City

WANTED HOUSE OF 6 ROOMS WITH modern conveniences in good locality Address Box 500 City

WANTED LADIES AND GENTLEMEN IN every county to take light work at their homes $3 per week guaranteed Work sent by mail no canvassing Address with stamp NATIONAL MFG CO 20 Barclay st New York

WANTED—EMPLOYMENT.

WANTED SITUATION BY A COMPETENT man to work on farm by the month Address J C Oregonian

A GERMAN MAN JUST FROM THE EAST wishes a situation in a family Address A Oregonian

WANTED SITUATION BY A MARRIED man as gardener Address D care Oregonian

GIRLS REQUIRING WORK CALL AT 106 Second Mrs Hodges Block

HELP WANTED.

TWO GIRLS WANTED AT 106 SECOND MRS HODGES

GOOD BARBER WANTED AT CHUTES & GERLACH'S Morrison st Occidental building

WANTED GIRL TO GENERAL HOUSEwork Inquire at 251 Front st

WANTED GIRL TO GENERAL HOUSEwork Inquire at 251 Front st

WANTED GOOD GIRL FOR GENERAL housework 106 Second Mrs Hodges

WANTED GOOD GIRL AT 251 FRONT

GIRLS WANTED AT MRS GERLACH'S

AGENTS WANTED.

WANTED ONCE IN A PLACE IN EVERY county to travel and take orders for groceries and cigars Salary $75 per month and expenses Address with stamp CENTRAL MFG CO 110 State st Chicago Ill

WANTED ENERGETIC MEN TO TRAVEL Wages $75 per month and expenses Address with stamp CENTRAL MFG CO 110 State st Chicago Ill

AGENTS WANTED TO CANVASS FOR the best selling subscription book ever published Liberal inducements Address J C McCURDY & CO Philadelphia Pa

AGENTS WANTED TO SELL A NEW ARTICLE Sells at sight Every family buys Sample free Address with stamp U S MFG CO 334 Dearborn st Chicago Ill

MEN OF CHARACTER AND ABILITY TO travel through Oregon and Washington Territories Apply at 251 Front street

AGENTS WANTED TO TRAVEL WAGES from $5 to $10 per day or commission Experience not necessary Address with stamp MORRISON & CO 11 Barclay st New York

AMUSEMENTS.

NEW MARKET THEATER. C W COMPTON Manager

Last Two Nights of the Popular Favorite

FAY TEMPLETON OPERA CO.

THIS FRIDAY EVENING, SEPT. 5, Last performance of the Farcical Comique LA MASCOTTE!

By the same cast

SATURDAY MATINEE — LA MASCOTTE!

SATURDAY EVENING, SEPT. 6, Last performance of the Farcical Comique LA MASCOTTE!

By the same cast

SEAT PLAN NOW OPEN AT BOX OFFICE

TIVOLI THEATER. Corner of First and Madison.

LOW N STEVENS Manager

REOPENING. SATURDAY, AUGUST 30 1884

"THE MAGIC DOLL."

Admission 25c and 50c

PUBLIC SPEAKING.

HON W L GEORGE, Of Oregon, will speak in the Republican Hall in Albina on Wednesday Sept 10 at 8 P M Hon John H Mitchell will speak in the Opera House in Portland on Thursday Sept 11 at 8 P M Hon W L George will speak in the Opera House in Portland on Friday Sept 12 at 8 P M Hon John H Mitchell will speak in the Opera House in Portland on Saturday Sept 13 at 8 P M Hon W L George will speak in the Opera House in Portland on Monday Sept 15 at 8 P M Hon John H Mitchell will speak in the Opera House in Portland on Tuesday Sept 16 at 8 P M Hon W L George will speak in the Opera House in Portland on Wednesday Sept 17 at 8 P M Hon John H Mitchell will speak in the Opera House in Portland on Thursday Sept 18 at 8 P M Hon W L George will speak in the Opera House in Portland on Friday Sept 19 at 8 P M Hon John H Mitchell will speak in the Opera House in Portland on Saturday Sept 20 at 8 P M Hon W L George will speak in the Opera House in Portland on Monday Sept 22 at 8 P M Hon John H Mitchell 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AUCTION AND COMMISSION.

GILMAN & CO.,
PIONEERS & COMMISSION MERCHANTS
Nos. 42 First st., bet. Pine and Oak.
REGULAR SALE DAYS, Tuesday and Friday
at 10 o'clock A. M.

EGULAR AUCTION SALE
OF
USEHOLD FURNITURE

DAY, SEPT. 5, 1884, at 10 A. M.,
Rooms
Parlor and Bedroom
ousehold Furniture and Carpets,
511, 23 SAW & CO., Auctioneers.

T. J. O'CONNOR,
ioneer & Commission Merchan
First and Fine
ay and Thursday, Furniture & Mdse. sol
ading, Rear) Estate Sold
Portland, Oregon.

CREIGHTON & CO.,
Estate Agents & Auctioneers
No. 1 Washington Street,
Portland, Or.
ction Sales of Real Estate and Stock
a Specialty.

CITY OF PORTLAND. HARBOR IMPROVE
Notice is hereby given that the Commissioners of
Harbor Improvements will receive bids for the
Steamship Wharves
North Pacific Coast at the site of the Ol
Harbor, 16 miles, more or less, up the Columbia
the west bank of Oregonian Slough, in the
Harbor Line Boards [illegible] and the
Entrance
from the mouth [illegible] to the head of
ing, as engineered for the Harbor Line Board
ach side.
Large Vessels
in the entrance and distance from the harbor entra
Board, Engineer's office, Portland, Oregon.
Columbia and Gray's Harbor Railroad
located. The right of way and grants of lan
road to the Sou [illegible]
Portland, Oregon, office 16 feet wide, ave
to 10 feet wide.
The Improvements
completion mean early one [illegible] a great
fifth, Sixth, Seventh, Eighth and Ninth streets
Portland is [illegible] the view thereof
[illegible] be [illegible]
Pure Fresh Water,
to supply a large city, and in fact the
[illegible] expressions for a plentiful supply
ew offering for 50 acres to sell a [illegible]
[illegible] Portland, Or.
W. S. NEWBURY, Gen. Manager
32 Morrison street, Portland, Or.

ATTORNEYS-AT-LAW.

D. P. KENNEDY.
TORNEY AND COUNSELLOR-AT-LAW
Room 5, Holman's Building,
ommon suits collected, mortgages foreclosed,
right matters, and other local business transacted.
alluring to letters patent for inventions.

RCHITECTS AND ENGINEERS.

HAWGOOD & LUPPER,
IL ENGINEERS AND SURVEYORS,
Labbe Building, Washington st.,
Portland, Oregon.

W. H. BURRAGE,
IL ENGINEER AND SURVEYOR
ffice, Room 12,
W corner Second and Salmon Sts.

H. W. & T. H. OGILBE,
IL ENGINEERS AND DRAUGHTSMEN
ecial Attention given to City Work.
Room 2, Ainsworth Block, Third and Oak.

COMMISSION MERCHANTS.

LDE, YOUNG & CO., PRUE BROKER,
mission Merchants, agents for San Fra
Lime Co., 32 Front street, or Ash st.
E. BATES, GENERAL COMMISSION
Merchants and produce Brokers, 8 Sharp
E & LEWIS, COMMISSION AND FO
n Merchants, Front and D Sts., Portland, Or.
ER & WEST—J. C. MILLER, W. H. WES
mission Merchants, Front st., between Ash and
Pine st., between Washington and Stark.
RGAN & CO., COMMISSION & PRODU
Merchants, 16 Front street, Portland, Oregon.
OTT & REED, 210 FRONT STREET, PAR
and commission merchants a specialty.
N, CHURCH & CO., SHIPPING AN
mission Merchants, Ainsworth Block, Po
Telephone No. 37. N. W. cor. Front and As
& Co.

LL AND FARM MACHINERY.

NE BROTHERS IMPLEMENT COMPANY,
ufacturers of and dealers in wood and mill machine
ines, Front st., Portland, Or.
FF, BURRELL & CO., WHOLESALE AN
machinery and dealers in agricultural implem
Front and sawing wagons, buggies, carriag
Pacific coast; stationary engines, boilers, saw
mill machinery a specialty; rubber and leath
H. DODGE & CO., SOLE AGENTS FOR
e Manufacturing Company, Union Pitts Thresh
Reaper, Stockton Header and Header Barge.
WAGNER & CO., FLOURING MILLS, P
Portland, Or. All kinds of flouring mill machin
Front st., Portland, Or. Send for circular.

PROFESSIONAL CARDS.

J. SMITH, VETERINARY SURGEON, CA
and at Maxwell's stables, 28 Taylor st.

WHOLESALE GROCERS.

RY SCHOLLHORN, SUCCESSOR TO W
Wholesale Grocer, 52 and 54 Front st., Portland, O
ON & LEWIS, WHOLESALE GROCE
Front and Ash sts., Portland, Or.
RGE & MALORAY, WHOLESALE GR
and Commission Merchants, 64 and 66 Front
Portland, Or.
DEMAS & ELLIOTT, WHOLESALE GR
ers, Forwarding and Commission Merchants
and 46 Front street, Portland, Or.

SADDLERY AND HARNESS.

J. B. CONGLE,
Wholesale and Retail
DEALER IN SADDLERY
Nos. 25 and 29 Front st.,
Portland, Or.

LUMBING AND GAS FITTING.

MAT. JOHNSTON, PRACTICAL PLUM
Gas and Steam Fitter. Agent for Perfect
Pump; used in use. Prompt attention
Front st.

LEATHER AND FINDINGS.

DLEY & DOBENY, 109 FRONT STRE
Between Washington and Stark streets,
dings, Shoe Stores, Saddlery, Belting, Hose a

MACHINISTS.

NICKAN & WOLFF, MACHINISTS, CO
and Third sts. Repairing, steam, railroad
and machinery of all descriptions. Plan
Building, Portland, Oregon.

CIGARS AND TOBACCO.

ZINSKI BROS., & CO., WHOLESA
dealers in fine cigars, 51 Front street, Portla
Sole agents for Lorillard's Climax and Cavendish

TRUNKS AND VALISES.

LBERSTEIN & CO., WHOLESALE AN
ON, 133 Front street.

SHOW CASES.

ON, BERNSTEIN & CO., MANUFACTURE
Front st., Portland; country orders solicited.

Established 1851.

Dodge, Davis & Co

Importing
Wholesale Druggists

No. 20 and 22 Front Street
Portland, Oregon

W NO

READ THIS!

C. SKIDMORE & CO.

ADIES USE
ach Dressing & Satin Polis
YOUR BOOTS AND SHOES.
Every box is our Patent Measure.
ero of Imitations.
E. P. ROWE & CO., Boston.
ale by all Boot, Shoe and Rubber Dealers.

Portland Organist

FRIDAY MORNING SEPT. 5, 1884.

THE OREGONIAN IN THE EAST.

[illegible] can be seen at the following places:
[illegible] New York City—S. C. Beckwith, eastern repre
[illegible] of the Oregonian, 45 Tribune building.
[illegible] Chicago—A. Thomas, Merchants' block, and
[illegible] Agency.
[illegible] Washington, D. C.—Ayer & Son, Eighth and
[illegible] Press Association.
[illegible] Times office.
[illegible] Public Library.
[illegible] Library of Congress.
[illegible] Press office.
[illegible] Office of Postal Advertiser.
[illegible] Agent & Room, Office of
[illegible] Dispatch office, Fleming Bros., Bu
[illegible] South.

METEOROLOGICAL REPORT.

PORTLAND, Sept. 4, 1884, P. M.

Name of Station.	Bar. Reading at 5 P. M.	Change in last 3 Hours.	Past	Wind Direc.	Wind Vel.	State of Weather.
Portland	29.93	.00	52	S	3	Cloudy
Roseburg	29.93	.01	56	NW	1	Clear
Eugene City	29.92	.05	55	S	3	Clear
Salem	29.92	.01	53	SE	2	Clear
Dalles	29.91	.01	58	S	3	Cloudy
Lytton	29.92	.01	58	S	3	Clear
Kamloops	29.92	.01	58	S	3	Clear
Yale	29.92	.01	58	S	3	Clear

The Daily Oregonian.

FRIDAY MORNING, SEPT. 5, 1884.

NEWS OF THE NORTHWEST.

Western Oregon.

Oregon City Enterprise: Wheat in this county never was of a better quality. No rust in Clackamas.

Yamhill Reporter: Harvest is being brought pretty closely to an end in this section, though there is considerably grain out yet in the upper part of the county.

This week hop-picking commences at Bottleville. There are about 200 acres in hops and about 300 Chinese pickers have been employed to secure the crop. One farmer said he had thirty. Chinese are very indispensable to a hop yard. They commence at daylight, stop barely long enough at noon to swallow their rations of chow-chow, and then continue work until dark. They average four boxes of hops to the man, for which they receive 35 cents each. Much of the spring wheat of the Butteville farmers is ruined by rust.

Miss Lillie Richardson of Buena Vista entertained a number of her Salem friends at her home on Wednesday evening last. The Salemites went over in carriages, reaching there about 8 o'clock, and were at once made welcome by their fair young hostess, who, with her parents, left nothing undone or unsaid that would make their guests from the capital feel entirely at home and welcome to the best the house afforded. The evening was spent in games, music, dancing and doing justice to the choice viands prepared, and the merry crowd drove home by moonlight, reaching Salem about 2:30 A. M., unanimously agreed that none like Miss Richardson knew how we speak of a measure which passes the commons first as "going up" to the lords, and of one which passes the lords first as "coming down" from the commons. Nevertheless, he said, those who enter the upper house do not enter it through any evidence of merit. The way to the temple of honor used to be said to be through the temple of virtue. With the lords it is not so. The English peer goes into the house of lords, not through the temple of virtue, but through "the sepulchre of a dead ancestor." This condition of things is not so very favorable to popular rights. The peers are lapped in a kind of sate which reminded Mr. Bright of his description in the seventy-third Psalm: "They are not in trouble as other men, neither are they plagued like other men; therefore pride compasseth them about as a chain; they speak wickedly concerning oppression; they speak loftily." Mr. Bright then quoted the prophetic conclusion: "Thou didst set them in slippery places; thou castest them down into destruction." "As a dream when one awaketh so, O Lord, when thou awakest, thou shalt despise their image."

Mr. Bright also insisted that nearly half the house of peers was the creation of one of the darkest periods of our history—between the accession of George III. in 1760 and the era of the reform agitation in 1830. They were "the results—many of them the spawn—of the plunder and the sin, and the corruption of this dark age of our country." For thirty years—between the years of 1815 and the repeal of the corn laws in 1846—"they raised their rents at a cost of periodic famine to hundreds of thousands of families, and now once more they are treating the house of commons and the people with contempt and bitter insult." Mr. Bright saw no remedy more moderate than the abolition of the lords' veto, which he would make only a suspensive veto, so they should not be allowed to reject again a measure twice passed by the commons. Mr. Bright urged that this would practically put an end to the use of the veto altogether, except in the rarest cases, and would leave the debates of the house of lords in the hands of genuine politicians. The mock-political peers would enjoy their titles down in the country, and not come up for the fruitless purpose of defeating one year a measure which must pass the next.

Mr. Chamberlain's speech was also one of great eloquence. He did not think much, he said, of an affection for the franchise which had developed itself only after the death of the object of that affection. "The tories hate the franchise. They will not extend it unless they can take away with one hand what they give with the other. We want redistribution to complete the franchise. The tories want it to defeat it." During the last 100 years the house of lords has never contributed one iota to popular liberties or popular freedom, or done anything to advance the common weal; and during that time it has protected every abuse and sheltered every privilege. It has denied justice and delayed reform. It is irresponsible without independence, obstinate without courage, arbitrary without judgment, and ignorant without knowledge"—hardly a description of the sort of second chamber which, even if it should yield once more, ought to be tolerated with a wink.

THE LORDS MUST GO.

Bright and Chamberlain's Description of the Blood Suckers.

London Spectator, Aug. 19.

The reform demonstration at Birmingham, Monday was a very imposing affair. The various trade societies and political clubs marching in files six abreast took three-quarters of an hour in passing one point, and when they reached the meeting-place where the meetings were to be held divided themselves amongst six platforms, at each of which addresses were delivered, an enormous crowd of spectators swelling the numbers of the demonstration. The Birmingham reporters say that at least 100,000 persons were present at the place of rendezvous. In Bingley hall in the evening something like 30,000 people assembled to hear addresses from Mr. Bright and Mr. Chamberlain, which they received, of course, with the utmost enthusiasm; and certainly Mr. Bright has not for twenty years back delivered a speech which has had so much in it of that mixture of passion and sagacity by which his greatest efforts have always been marked.

Mr. Bright's description of the house of peers was conceived in the tone of ironic moderation which best suits his genius. He reminded the people how we always speak of the lords in the upper house, how we speak of a measure which passes the commons first as "going up" to the lords, and of one which passes the lords first as "coming down" from the commons. Nevertheless, he said, those who enter the upper house do not enter it through any evidence of merit. The way to the temple of honor used to be said to be through the temple of virtue. With the lords it is not so. The English peer goes into the house of lords, not through the temple of virtue, but through "the sepulchre of a dead ancestor." This condition of things is not so very favorable to popular rights. The peers are lapped in a kind of sate which reminded Mr. Bright of his description in the seventy-third Psalm: "They are not in trouble as other men, neither are they plagued like other men; therefore pride compasseth them about as a chain; they speak wickedly concerning oppression; they speak loftily." Mr. Bright then quoted the prophetic conclusion: "Thou didst set them in slippery places; thou castest them down into destruction." "As a dream when one awaketh so, O Lord, when thou awakest, thou shalt despise their image."

Mr. Bright also insisted that nearly half the house of peers was the creation of one of the darkest periods of our history—between the accession of George III. in 1760 and the era of the reform agitation in 1830. They were "the results—many of them the spawn—of the plunder and the sin, and the corruption of this dark age of our country." For thirty years—between the years of 1815 and the repeal of the corn laws in 1846—"they raised their rents at a cost of periodic famine to hundreds of thousands of families, and now once more they are treating the house of commons and the people with contempt and bitter insult." Mr. Bright saw no remedy more moderate than the abolition of the lords' veto, which he would make only a suspensive veto, so they should not be allowed to reject again a measure twice passed by the commons. Mr. Bright urged that this would practically put an end to the use of the veto altogether, except in the rarest cases, and would leave the debates of the house of lords in the hands of genuine politicians. The mock-political peers would enjoy their titles down in the country, and not come up for the fruitless purpose of defeating one year a measure which must pass the next.

Mr. Chamberlain's speech was also one of great eloquence. He did not think much, he said, of an affection for the franchise which had developed itself only after the death of the object of that affection. "The tories hate the franchise. They will not extend it unless they can take away with one hand what they give with the other. We want redistribution to complete the franchise. The tories want it to defeat it." During the last 100 years the house of lords has never contributed one iota to popular liberties or popular freedom, or done anything to advance the common weal; and during that time it has protected every abuse and sheltered every privilege. It has denied justice and delayed reform. It is irresponsible without independence, obstinate without courage, arbitrary without judgment, and ignorant without knowledge"—hardly a description of the sort of second chamber which, even if it should yield once more, ought to be tolerated with a wink.

PORT CANBY WEATHER REPORT.

PORT CANBY, Sept. 4.

Summary for August, taked at the United States station at Fort Canby, W. T.:

Monthly mean actual barometer, 29.816.
Monthly mean reduced barometer, 30.000.
Highest barometer and date, 30.199, 28th.
Lowest barometer and date, 29.742, 20th.
Monthly range, .416.
Monthly mean temperature, 56deg 71m.
Highest and date, 90deg 7m, 24.
Lowest and date, 50deg 6m, 20th.
Monthly average of temperature, 56deg 7m.
Greatest daily and date, 35deg 8m, 24.
Least daily and date, 35deg, 20th.
Monthly mean humidity, 82deg 9m.
Prevailing wind, direction, west.
Total rainfall, 1.23.
Total monthly movement of wind, 5803 miles.
Maximum velocity of wind, and direction and date, 34 miles, S., 15th.
Number clear days, 17; number fair days, 14; number cloudy days, 0; number of days rain fell, 7.
Gales of 25 miles or more, 13th SE 34, SE 32; 20th, S 26, S 35.

Columbia River bar, three observations daily—Smooth 87 times; light swell 0 times; rough 0 times.

J. H. YOUNG, Observer.

Passed His Dog.

Wall Street News.

The president of an Iowa railroad happened, not long ago, to be on a train which carried as an Indiana passenger in the person of an ostensible planter dressed tobacco chewing chap from some back township. He explained the cause of his anger by saying:

"Dod rot 'em, they made me put my dog in the baggage car and pay 50 cents for his ride, but I'll get even with the company, or I'm a coon."

"How?" asked the President.

"How? Why, our boys over in the swamps want to run me for the legislature. I'll git thar. Then I'll move to have the road investigated, and I'll introduce a bill to rat down freight and passenger rates, and I'll see to it that no official above conductor gets a cent of salary while the pay of employes is in arrears. Yip! I'll make it hull on over."

"My dear man," softly replied the president, "you must have been a mistake. Here's your 50 cents, and any time you want to go to Dubuque just write to the head office for a pass."

He Aimed Himself, Anyhow.

French Life.

Clergyman (on his way from church) to a son of a parishioner, rather addicted to Dunlopism Sunday—"Ah! my boy, I didn't see your father at church this morning; I am afraid he does not fear God."

Young Heathen—"O, yes, I guess he does; he took his gun with him this morning."

Coming to America, Perhaps.

A correspondent of the London *Standard* states that at a recital last year he heard Signor Tamberlik sing in the character of Manrico in "Il Trovatore," and gives the celebrated "Di di Pollrino" with almost the same amount of spirit and vigor as he did at Covent garden thirty years ago. And this in spite of his 64 years.

TRADE AND COMMERCE.

THURSDAY, Sept. 4.

Incipient weather has ruled for three days, cool, light rains having fallen in that time. While the rainfall has been less up the valley it worked injury to those who yet had crops out. Lack of hands and horses at a time when a large crop was to be harvested delayed work, and there is much yet to be done. It has been said that the farmer has had sufficient time to gather his harvest, but he has not been able to work rapidly with the force at hand. While crops yet out are expected to be secured without much loss, the delay will cost something. More hauling to warehouse is now being done. Regarding the eastern section we are not advised of the amount of work to be done, but it should be small. The morning weather report notes hard rains yesterday afternoon at Willows, Binlocks, Colfio and The Dalles; rain last night at Walla Walla, Wallula, Umatilla and Pendleton, and rain at 8:30 A. M. at Kingsley, Dayton, Moxham, Kalama, Hood river and Bonneville. The greatest danger to be feared from rain is to the hop yards. The week has witnessed light trading in the principal produce lines. Values have shown few quotable changes. Of the smaller lines large supplies are had with more or less difficulty experienced in selling. Overland receipts include 21 pkgs oakby, 50 cs 5 bbls syrup, 1119 pkgs tobacco, 4 cs cigars, 1 cs cigarettes, and 65 bbls lubricating oil.

FLOUR AND MILLSTUFF—Past 24 hours: 2561 ctls wheat, 496 bbls flour, 200 ctls oats, 220 ctls bran, 20 ctls millstuff, 6 sks potatoes, 175 lbs wool, 98 lbs hides, 45 cs eggs, 97 bxs fruit, 10 pkgs butter. Also 3911 ctls wheat, 16,170 lbs hides, 3050 lbs hops from the eastern section.

Receipts for past seven days aggregate 43,717 ctls wheat, 3755 bbls flour, 785 ctls oats, 65 bbls hay, 1365 ctls bran, 1031 ctls millstuff, 29 sks potatoes, 1 sk, 100 lbs wool, 1647 lbs hides, 20 pkgs butter, 213 cs eggs, 707 bxs fruit, 105 lbs lime, 3090 lbs hops.

Receipts by leading transportation lines since August 1, as compared with a like time last year have been:

ARTICLES.	1884. Valley.	1884. Eastern.	1883. Valley.	1883. Eastern.
Wheat, ctls..	48,531	62,360	16,534	191,397
Flour, bbl....	13,199	6,686	11,702	3,881
Oats, ctls....	8,852	.....	10,970	.....
Barley, ctls..	634	.....	536	.....
Bran, ctls....	5,465	247	121	316
Millstuff, ctls	1,670	398	794	504
Potatoes, sks.	963	.....	1,008	45
Wool, lbs....	663,859	470,274	633,017	361,740
Hides, lbs....	220,652	25,782	34,657	34,954
Hay, tons....	490	.....	69	24
Lime, bbls...	4,174	.....	8,364	.....
Hops, lbs....	1,555	6,680	.....	.....

EXPORTS—Per steamer Oregon for San Francisco: 3883 ctls wheat, 2000 ctls bran, 500 lf sks flour, 87 ctls lbs wool, 285 lbs sundries, 3 cs flannels, 5 cs cassimeres, 2 bls lining, 5 bls blankets, 1 bl geraskins, 8 bls calfskins, 124 green hides, 9 bls sheepskins, 10 elk leather, 508 pkgs barrel stock, 24,993 lbs scrap iron, $10,430 treasure.

FREIGHTS—Very little new movement. The Belle of Oregon has filled up with salmon, leaving the Kirkwood in berth. The Colonia is receiving lumber. The Agnes Sutherland is preparing to take in wheat and the Largo Law will soon be receiving. The George F. Manson arrived seeking. To arrive the Hot Hoo received one addition. The two iron ships in port are holding firmly for 52s 7d, which is all of 3s above the views of shippers. No one seems disposed to take up tonnage and that offering to arrive brings out no bids. A quotation is not now obtainable because of the absence of business and the indisposition shown to talk it. At San Francisco the new iron ship T. F. Oakes gets 42s 6d for orders, the same rate the Thistle E. Sturbuck secured hence last spring. That market notes a very light business with a small inquiry. There is now in port 1279 registered tons loading salmon, 1169 finished with salmon, 2419 loading lumber, 2721 chartered for wheat, 2417 iron discharged, and 1217 wooden for sale. On the way 14,291 tons are due in September-October, 11,033 in October-November, and 14,702 later on—a total of 43,184 registered tons on the way.

Relative to the current low freight tariff on grain the *Produce Exchange Weekly* remarks: The low rates of transportation from interior points in the United States to Europe are favorable to this wheat growing country as a competitor with other countries growing wheat for export that have a larger charge to pay for transportation. The transportation charge from British India to United Kingdom is 84 80 from Kurrachee, $1665 60 from Bombay and $6 20@7 20 from Calcutta per ton. To these rates from British Indian seaports the interior charge for transportation has to be added. The shipping rate is 16 from New York to Liverpool, against shipping rate from British India 84 80@7 20 per ton of 2 240 pounds.

WHEAT—The English market spurted on Monday some kinds being the sixpence higher, but a drooping market ruled since. As against last Thursday, California off coast is 1s lower, while prompt shipment is unchanged. For Walla Walla, prompt shipment, 3s 6d is deemed possible. Tadsty's Beerbohm says the excess of the French and British wheat crops are offset by smaller spot stocks, as against last year, and all producing counties will be able to supply the wants of consuming ones with difficulty, so that the situation is one that furnishes no apprehension of a lack of wheat in any part of the world. Until precise figures can be so changed as to show that producing countries have the upper hand, values will not show appreciation. The American markets have ruled fairly steady, San Francisco alone noting any improvement. In the local market shippers having been doing next to nothing and have not changed their figures. So little has been done on the spot that we continue last week's quotations of $1 07½@1 10 for valley and $1 03@1 05 for Walla Walla, but it is claimed that an advance of 2½c is possible. Shippers want only round lots and of these few are seeking a buyer. Millers pay 85@85½c per bushel at Salem and neighboring points, which, of course, is little indication of prices here, as they have their pick and can afford to pay it. Present needs are next to nothing this month, but October and November will find vessels here demanding cargoes. Prior to that time shippers must secure themselves and buying will be freer. Growers are not generally feeling the market, not having crops all in.

A report from Vienna, dated the 4th ult., states that the harvest is nearly completed in Austria, Hungary and the southwest of Germany, and the cutting of the crops in the more mountainous portions of Germany was expected to begin within a fortnight. The yield, both as it regards quantity and quality, has so far turned out about up to the average throughout. From Paris advices to the 7th ultimate the wheat harvest in France is concluded, except in the northern districts, where it is, however, far advanced. The crop so far has been got in under the most favorable circumstances.

The aggregate supply of wheat in sight in the United States, exclusive of California and Oregon, and Canada August 29 was 18,633,750 bushels, and that of corn 4,804,400 bushels,—against, on the preceding weekly exhibit, an aggregate of 16,649,850 bushels wheat, and 4,171,800 bushels corn,—and a year ago, an aggregate of 21,028,850 bushels wheat, and 11,325,800 bushels corn.

FLOUR—All standards are quoted at $4 50 with good call, especially old wheat flour. Country of good quality sells at $4@4 25, but is weak.

MILLSTUFF—Supplies continue up to requirements, with some bran going to San Francisco. We quote jobbing prices: Bran $14@15, shorts $16, chop $22 50, middlings 25. Ground barley steady at $24@26.

OATS—Two cars choice sold at 35c. For a few days past the market has been poorly supplied, but buyers would not go over 32½c to bring in supplies. With fair stocks the market must rule at 28@30c, but in the present scarcity more is possible for a small way.

POTATOES—Market steady at 40@50c per central. Arrivals are not excessive, but are fully up to the demand. Sweets are off to 2½c, under lessened run of importation.

ONIONS—A steady market is had with California selling at 1½@2c.

PROVISIONS—Oregon hams and bacon are cleaned up in some directions, and but few are in the market. Best hams would sell at 16@17c and bacon at 13@14c. Shoulders are firm at 8½@9c. Eastern bacon sells at 15½@16c; hams 17½@18c. Lard in ample supply at 11@12 for local and 12½@13c for eastern tins.

DRIED FRUIT—The market is quiet; call light and values only steady. Quote sun dried apples 6@6½c; factory, in boxes, 10@12c; eastern in barrels not quoted, as there is little in. Peaches sell at 12½, prunes 8c, plums Pacific for sun cured and 12@13c for factory, figs 9c, raisins $1 70@2 per full box.

CHEESE—Oregon advanced to 10@11c for good to fancy. California selling at 14c.

GREEN FRUITS—Last night's steamer brought scant supplies of California. Leading local kinds continue in large stock, with less going eastward. Apples bring 25@35c; pears, 30@50; peaches, $1 25; tomatoes, 2c. California grapes sell at $1 25 for black and $1 50 for white. Melons $15 per dozen and cantaloupes $1 75 per crate, with a demand.

TROPICAL FRUITS—Quiet at steady quotations. Limes sell at 75c per hundred, Messina lemons $5 75@6 50, Sicily $6 75@7 50, bananas $4@5 per bunch, pineapples $4 50 per dozen.

VEGETABLES—Quiet. Tomatoes 25@30c per box, beets, 40c; $1 per sack; 75 per crate.

BUTTER—Choice local commands 17½@18c, with more grades selling at 12½@15c. Eastern offering more freely at 15c, but few buyers want it, especially the butterine grades. Choice California roll cannot be brought up at present prices.

POULTRY—Chickens have ruled steady at $3@4 for old and $3@3 50 for young. Ducks $3@3; geese $6@9, with light call.

EGGS—Market quite even for several days, with 22½c quoted.

HAY—Baled offered at $8@9 on wharf, $9@10 delivered. Straw sold in a small way at $4@5 50.

HOPS—Sample bales are in from the Sound and eastern Washington sections, but there is no market. As far as learned, there are no outside buyers in the city, but a few have made their way in the growing sections. As yet they have done nothing, holders pretensions being deemed too high. Nominally 20 cents is quoted, but the outside figure represents the sellers view. Picking began in the Sound and Snoqualmie valleys this week. In the Puyallup very little new crop has been in, but pickers are fast making their way to the fields. Late rains are reported to have caused vines to fall from a number of farms, entailing some little loss. At San Francisco the market is inactive, buyers offering but 20c, with brewers having paid rather more. Advices from abroad and from New York have been meager, furnishing nothing of a certain character. Buyers everywhere are disinclined to anticipate the market, evidently not expecting a flurry. Rains in the Willamette valley at this time are certainly not beneficial to fields, yet it cannot be said that any marked loss will be had.

WOOL—In a local way absolutely nothing is doing and the market excites little comment. The small amount offering is mostly poor to medium grades, for which trade is possible. Choice would command more, but all buying must be of a speculative character, hence safe prices can alone be paid. The movement is steady, with little now coming east. Advices throw little light upon the eastern situation, but prices are acknowledged to be such as to preclude further reductions, and manufacturers are buying grades wanted at prices current for some time. While some holders have changed their pretensions buyers find no difficulty in filling hands without paying up. At San Francisco the selling movement for ten days past has been larger, but prices show nothing new.

HIDES AND SKINS—Hides have taken a better turn at New York, but our market is not affected, buying being paid for dry. Our hides do not bring the best prices in New York, being regarded as soft. Green salted bring 7@8c. Tallow very soft at 3c for ordinary quality, while best shipping would bring an advance. Pure veal skins steady at: Dark heavy 61 75@2 00, valley summer deerskins 37½c, do winter do, 25c, eastern Oregon summer do 25@c, do winter do 18c per lb; elk skins 12½c per pound. The following sell by the skin: Black bear $1@6, brown do 50@$5, dark fisher $2 60@5, pale do 50c@$1, silver fox $4@6, cross do $2@5, red do 75c@$1 50, lynx 37½@75c, prime dark marten 75c@$1, dark mink 10@25, land otter, $1 50@2 50, wolf 37½@50c.

The Merchandise Market.

Only the usual call is to be remarked. Some merchants are receiving fresh fall stocks, notably in the dry goods line. Groceries continue to move freely and importations are made sharply. Other lines are quiet, showing few quotable changes. Trade is dull and remittances slow, but the position is not materially changed from several previous weeks.

A review of last week's San Francisco market says: Business continues dull; there is but little demand for local products, money circulates freely and the reaction is felt in the general market. Tea is quiet and steady; coffee is firm at rates quoted; an advance is reported in the east which has been felt here, giving more tone to the market. Local business continues of a jobbing character in sugars and low grades, while good and prime grades are in demand for shipment east. In refined sugar a steady routine business is reported at long established list prices which are uniform for the product of the three refineries. Choice Hawaiian is in good demand, with reported sales of 5@5 bags within the range of 5½@5¾ cents. There is but little stock in first hands outside of the refiners. For all grades of China rice there is a steady demand. Stocks are heavy and prices rule low. The warships had as yet no effect on prices other than to create a firmer feeling. Island rice has declined to 5¼@5¾, at which prices sales of 50 bags are reported within the week. Some holders are not willing to meet the market at that rate, but are storing their stock waiting for an advance in price which they feel confident must soon take place owing to the reported short crop. Sprup appears to be a drug on the market, as the offering of 200 barrels eastern, by auction, received a bid of only 12½c per gallon, and the lot was withdrawn. Spices are in large stock, except pepper, which is scarce and high. Sago and tapioca are firm at quotations. Quicksilver has been reduced to $1 25, and will probably go lower soon, as sales in the New York market are reported at $1 per minute. The arrival of the schooner Hornet Wave on the 25th inst. with 85,000 codfish, caused an immediate reduction in the jobbing price of shrimp and summer cards to 4½, 5 and 6 cents for bundles, cases and bundles, respectively. There is no special movement in canned salmon to report, and quotations are nominal. Salt salmon in barrels are offering at extreme low rates. Sales of 250 barrels of Alaska salmon are reported at $5 50 per barrel.

Local Quotations.

BEANS—Quiet at Bayou 3½c; pinks 3c; butter 3½c; small whites off to 3c.

DRIED FRUIT—Apricots 5@6c; prunes 3@4c; pitted apples cracked 6@6½c; others 4@4½.

COAL OIL—Slow at 17@26c.

COFFEE—Costa Rica 12½@14½c; Salvador and Guatemala 11@12½c; best Java 27c.

CANNED GOODS—Corn, $1 25@1 50; tomatoes, 2's, $1 20@1 25, gallons 2½; table peaches $2 50@3; do $1 50@1 75, assorted table fruits $2 25, assorted pie do 2's, $1 50; gallons $4 50.

PICKLES—Kegs, $1 00@1 50.

RICE—Island $6 @6 25; China mixed advanced to $4 50.

SALT—Half ground coal, $9 50@10 50; fine Liverpool $16, $20 and 22 50, as to size of containers.

SUGARS—Quote barrels: (A) patent cube, 9½c; (A) crushed, 9½c; dry granulated, 9½c; golden C, 8c; extra powdered 10. Half bangles and boxes, ¼c¾c advance.

GRAIN BAGS—Spot cash quoted: $7 25@7 50, and it is doubtless if any could now be had for less. Stocks are not large here and holders are strong.

The Meat Market.

Quotations represent prices paid to dealers by slaughterers.

BEEF—Best grass fed, 3½c gross.

VEAL—Large, 8½@9½c; small, 10½c.

MUTTON—Ewes, 2½c; other, 2½c.

LAMBS—2½ for good conditioned.

HOGS—Choice 5½c; fair to good 5½c; dressed 7½@7½c.

Markets by Telegraph.

SAN FRANCISCO MARKETS.

SAN FRANCISCO, Sept. 4.

Weather, foggy; wind southwest.

Receipts—Wheat, 50,000 ctls; barley, 10,000; shorts, 3000 sks; flour, 9000 sks; oats, 3650 ctls; potatoes, 3500 sks; eggs, 8500 dozen.

Freights—Chartered for Cork, f. Ks Havre or Antwerp, 4s; ship T. F. Oakes, grain 42s 6d for orders, the same rate the Thistle E. Sturbuck secured hence last spring. That market notes a very light business with a small inquiry. There is now in port 1279 registered tons loading salmon, 1169 finished with salmon, 2419 loading lumber, 2721 chartered for wheat, 2417 iron discharged, and 1217 wooden for sale. On the way 14,291 tons are due in September-October, 11,033 in October-November, and 14,702 later on—a total of 43,184 registered tons on the way.

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HAY—Baled offered at $8@9 on wharf, $9@10 delivered. Straw sold in a small way at $4@5 50.

HOPS—Sample bales are in from the Sound and eastern Washington sections, but there is no market. As far as learned, there are no outside buyers in the city, but a few have made their way in the growing sections. As yet they have done nothing, holders pretensions being deemed too high. Nominally 20 cents is quoted, but the outside figure represents the sellers view. Picking began in the Sound and Snoqualmie valleys this week. In the Puyallup very little new crop has been in, but pickers are fast making their way to the fields. Late rains are reported to have caused vines to fall from a number of farms, entailing some little loss. At San Francisco the market is inactive, buyers offering but 20c, with brewers having paid rather more. Advices from abroad and from New York have been meager, furnishing nothing of a certain character. Buyers everywhere are disinclined to anticipate the market, evidently not expecting a flurry. Rains in the Willamette valley at this time are certainly not beneficial to fields, yet it cannot be said that any marked loss will be had.

WOOL—In a local way absolutely nothing is doing and the market excites little comment. The small amount offering is mostly poor to medium grades, for which trade is possible. Choice would command more, but all buying must be of a speculative character, hence safe prices can alone be paid. The movement is steady, with little now coming east. Advices throw little light upon the eastern situation, but prices are acknowledged to be such as to preclude further reductions, and manufacturers are buying grades wanted at prices current for some time. While some holders have changed their pretensions buyers find no difficulty in filling hands without paying up. At San Francisco the selling movement for ten days past has been larger, but prices show nothing new.

HIDES AND SKINS—Hides have taken a better turn at New York, but our market is not affected, buying being paid for dry. Our hides do not bring the best prices in New York, being regarded as soft. Green salted bring 7@8c. Tallow very soft at 3c for ordinary quality, while best shipping would bring an advance. Pure veal skins steady at: Dark heavy 61 75@2 00, valley summer deerskins 37½c, do winter do, 25c, eastern Oregon summer do 25@c, do winter do 18c per lb; elk skins 12½c per pound. The following sell by the skin: Black bear $1@6, brown do 50@$5, dark fisher $2 60@5, pale do 50c@$1, silver fox $4@6, cross do $2@5, red do 75c@$1 50, lynx 37½@75c, prime dark marten 75c@$1, dark mink 10@25, land otter, $1 50@2 50, wolf 37½@50c.

The Merchandise Market.

Only the usual call is to be remarked. Some merchants are receiving fresh fall stocks, notably in the dry goods line. Groceries continue to move freely and importations are made sharply. Other lines are quiet, showing few quotable changes. Trade is dull and remittances slow, but the position is not materially changed from several previous weeks.

A review of last week's San Francisco market says: Business continues dull; there is but little demand for local products, money circulates freely and the reaction is felt in the general market. Tea is quiet and steady; coffee is firm at rates quoted; an advance is reported in the east which has been felt here, giving more tone to the market. Local business continues of a jobbing character in sugars and low grades, while good and prime grades are in demand for shipment east. In refined sugar a steady routine business is reported at long established list prices which are uniform for the product of the three refineries. Choice Hawaiian is in good demand, with reported sales of 5@5 bags within the range of 5½@5¾ cents. There is but little stock in first hands outside of the refiners. For all grades of China rice there is a steady demand. Stocks are heavy and prices rule low. The warships had as yet no effect on prices other than to create a firmer feeling. Island rice has declined to 5¼@5¾, at which prices sales of 50 bags are reported within the week. Some holders are not willing to meet the market at that rate, but are storing their stock waiting for an advance in price which they feel confident must soon take place owing to the reported short crop. Sprup appears to be a drug on the market, as the offering of 200 barrels eastern, by auction, received a bid of only 12½c per gallon, and the lot was withdrawn. Spices are in large stock, except pepper, which is scarce and high. Sago and tapioca are firm at quotations. Quicksilver has been reduced to $1 25, and will probably go lower soon, as sales in the New York market are reported at $1 per minute. The arrival of the schooner Hornet Wave on the 25th inst. with 85,000 codfish, caused an immediate reduction in the jobbing price of shrimp and summer cards to 4½, 5 and 6 cents for bundles, cases and bundles, respectively. There is no special movement in canned salmon to report, and quotations are nominal. Salt salmon in barrels are offering at extreme low rates. Sales of 250 barrels of Alaska salmon are reported at $5 50 per barrel.

Local Quotations.

BEANS—Quiet at Bayou 3½c; pinks 3c; butter 3½c; small whites off to 3c.

DRIED FRUIT—Apricots 5@6c; prunes 3@4c; pitted apples cracked 6@6½c; others 4@4½.

COAL OIL—Slow at 17@26c.

COFFEE—Costa Rica 12½@14½c; Salvador and Guatemala 11@12½c; best Java 27c.

CANNED GOODS—Corn, $1 25@1 50; tomatoes, 2's, $1 20@1 25, gallons 2½; table peaches $2 50@3; do $1 50@1 75, assorted table fruits $2 25, assorted pie do 2's, $1 50; gallons $4 50.

PICKLES—Kegs, $1 00@1 50.

RICE—Island $6 @6 25; China mixed advanced to $4 50.

SALT—Half ground coal, $9 50@10 50; fine Liverpool $16, $20 and 22 50, as to size of containers.

SUGARS—Quote barrels: (A) patent cube, 9½c; (A) crushed, 9½c; dry granulated, 9½c; golden C, 8c; extra powdered 10. Half bangles and boxes, ¼c¾c advance.

GRAIN BAGS—Spot cash quoted: $7 25@7 50, and it is doubtless if any could now be had for less. Stocks are not large here and holders are strong.

The Meat Market.

Quotations represent prices paid to dealers by slaughterers.

BEEF—Best grass fed, 3½c gross.

VEAL—Large, 8½@9½c; small, 10½c.

MUTTON—Ewes, 2½c; other, 2½c.

LAMBS—2½ for good conditioned.

HOGS—Choice 5½c; fair to good 5½c; dressed 7½@7½c.

Markets by Telegraph.

SAN FRANCISCO MARKETS.

SAN FRANCISCO, Sept. 4.

Weather, foggy; wind southwest.

Receipts—Wheat, 50,000 ctls; barley, 10,000; shorts, 3000 sks; flour, 9000 sks; oats, 3650 ctls; potatoes, 3500 sks; eggs, 8500 dozen.

Freights—Chartered for Cork, f. Ks Havre or Antwerp, 4s; ship T. F. Oakes, grain 42s 6d for orders, the same rate the Thistle E. Sturbuck secured hence last spring. That market notes a very light business with a small inquiry. There is now in port 1279 registered tons loading salmon, 1169 finished with salmon, 2419 loading lumber, 2721 chartered for wheat, 2417 iron discharged, and 1217 wooden for sale. On the way 14,291 tons are due in September-October, 11,033 in October-November, and 14,702 later on—a total of 43,184 registered tons on the way.

Relative to the current low freight tariff on grain the *Produce Exchange Weekly* remarks: The low rates of transportation from interior points in the United States to Europe are favorable to this wheat growing country as a competitor with other countries growing wheat for export that have a larger charge to pay for transportation. The transportation charge from British India to United Kingdom is 84 80 from Kurrachee, $1665 60